Equality Impact Assessment - Stage One

We need to ensure that our strategies, polices, functions and services, current and proposed have given due regard to equality and diversity as set out in the Public Sector Equality Duty (Section 149 of the Equality Act), which states:

- "(1) A public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - (a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under this Act;
 - (b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it; This includes the need to:
 - (i) remove or minimise disadvantages suffered by persons who share a relevant protected characteristic that are connected to that characteristic;
 - (ii) take steps to meet the needs of persons who share a relevant protected characteristic that are different from the needs of persons who do not share it:
 - (c) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it, with due regard, in particular, to the need to be aware that compliance with the duties in this section may involve treating some persons more favourably than others.
- (2) The steps involved in meeting the needs of disabled persons that are different from the needs of persons who are not disabled include, in particular, steps to take account of disabled persons' disabilities.
- (3) Compliance with the duties in this section may involve treating some persons more favourably than others."

The following list of questions may help to establish whether the decision is relevant to equality:

- Does the decision affect service users, employees or the wider community?
- (The relevance of a decision to equality depends not just on the number of those affected but on the significance of the impact on them)
- Is it likely to affect people with particular protected characteristics differently?
- Is it a major policy, or a major change to an existing policy, significantly affecting how functions are delivered?
- Will the decision have a significant impact on how other organisations operate in terms of equality?
- Does the decision relate to functions that engagement has identified as being important to people with particular protected characteristics?
- Does the decision relate to an area with known inequalities?

 Does the decision relate to any equality objectives that have been set by the council?

Please complete the following questions to determine whether a full Stage Two, Equality Impact Assessment is required.

What is the proposed decision that you are asking the Executive to make:	To approve the Public Rights of Way (PROW) Case Programmes for 2017/18
Summary of relevant legislation:	Highways Act 1980 Rights of Way Act 1990 Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000
Does the proposed decision conflict with any of the Council's key strategy priorities?	No
Name of assessor:	Elaine Cox
Date of assessment:	21/6/17

Is this a:		Is this:	
Policy	No	New or proposed	Yes
Strategy	No	Already exists and is being reviewed	Yes
Function	No	Is changing	Yes
Service	Yes		

1. What are the main aims, objectives and intended outcomes of the proposed decision and who is likely to benefit from it?		
Aims:	Improvement of the PROW network and ensuring ease of use.	
Objectives:	A number of priorities relating to overall management of the PROW network.	
Outcomes:	Improvement of the PROW network and ensuring ease of use in relation to the specific priorities as set out in the programmes.	
Benefits:	Maintenance and improvement of the PROW network for the general public.	

2. Note which groups may be affected by the proposed decision. Consider how they may be affected, whether it is positively or negatively and what sources of information have been used to determine this.

(Please demonstrate consideration of all strands – Age, Disability, Gender Reassignment, Marriage and Civil Partnership, Pregnancy and Maternity, Race,

Religion or Belief, Sex and Sexual Orientation.)			
Group Affected	What might be the effect?	Information to support this	
Age	Inaccessible structures, e.g. stiles, and uneven PROW surfaces, exist on the PROW network.	Works take place following EIA and consultation with local people, parish councils and the Local Access Forum	
Disability	Inaccessible structures, e.g. stiles, and uneven PROW surfaces, exist on the PROW network. For the blind or partially-sighted, there may be trouble reading promotional information.	Works take place following EIA and consultation with local people, parish councils and the Local Access Forum	
Gender Reassignment	None	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	None	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	Inaccessible structures, e.g. stiles, and uneven PROW surfaces, exist on the PROW network.	Works take place following EIA and consultation with local people, parish councils and the Local Access Forum	
Race	For those who are unable to read English, the case programme contains steps to introduce greater use of QR codes and interactive web pages.	Works take place following EIA and consultation with local people, parish councils and the Local Access Forum	
Religion or Belief	For those who are unable to read English, the case programme contains steps to introduce greater use of QR codes and interactive web pages.	Works take place following EIA and consultation with local people, parish councils and the Local Access Forum	
Sex	None	N/A	
Sexual Orientation	None	N/A	

Further Comments relating to the item:

Those managing the public rights of way (PROW) network are legally obliged to ensure that all PROW are maintained in a suitable condition for those who wish to use them. There is a network of 700 miles of rural, urban and suburban PROW. When managing and maintaining this network, each PROW is considered on a case-by-case basis and reasonable adjustments are made to for access for the disabled.

Inaccessible structures, e.g. stiles, and uneven PROW surfaces, are to be removed/improved as part of the case programmes. The aim is a gradual improvement in accessibility across the network, with priorities in the case programme for replacement of stiles with gates and for identification of new routes for easy access by those with reduced mobility.

The case programme contains aspirations to introduce greater use of interactive web pages, which could benefit the partially-sighted and those unable to read English.

3. Result		
Are there any aspects of the proposed decision, including how it is delivered or accessed, that could contribute to inequality?	No	
Please provide an explanation for your answer:		
Will the proposed decision have an adverse impact upon the lives of people, including employees and service users?	No	
Please provide an explanation for your answer:		

If your answers to question 2 have identified potential adverse impacts and you have answered 'yes' to either of the sections at question 3, or you are unsure about the impact, then you should carry out a Stage Two Equality Impact Assessment.

If a Stage Two Equality Impact Assessment is required, before proceeding you should discuss the scope of the Assessment with service managers in your area. You will also need to refer to the <u>Equality Impact Assessment guidance and Stage Two template</u>.

4. Identify next steps as appropriate:	
Stage Two required	No
Owner of Stage Two assessment:	N/A
Timescale for Stage Two assessment:	N/A

Name: Elaine Cox Date: 21/6/17

Please now forward this completed form to Rachel Craggs, Principal Policy Officer (Equality and Diversity) (rachel.craggs@westberks.gov.uk), for publication on the WBC website.